Syllabus:

A) Applied BasicSciences:

Applied Anatomy of Head and Neck:

- Anatomy of the scalp, temple and face
- Anatomy of the triangles of neck and deep structures of theneck
- Cranial and facial bones and its surrounding soft tissues with its appliedaspects
- Muscles of head andneck
- Arterial supply, venous drainage and lymphatics of head andneck
- Congenital abnormalities of the head and neck
- Anatomy of the cranial nerves
- Anatomy of the tongue and its appliedaspects
- Anatomy and its applied aspects of salivary glands, pharynx, thyroid and parathyroid gland, larynx, trachea, esophagus
- Autonomous nervous system of head andneck
- Functional anatomy of mastication, deglutition, speech, respiration and circulation
- TMJ: anatomy and function

Applied Physiology:

Introduction, Mastication, deglutition, digestion and assimilation, Homeostasis, fluid and electrolyte balance. Blood composition, volume, function, blood groups and hemorrhage, Blood transfusion, circulation, Heart, Pulse, Blood pressure, Normal ECG, capillary and lymphatic circulation, shock, respiration, control, anoxia, hypoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration. Endocrine glands in particular reference to pituitary, parathyroid and thyroid glands and sex hormones. Role of calcium and Vit D in growth and development of teeth, bone and jaws. Role of Vit.A, C and B complex in oral mucosal and periodontal health. Physiology and function of the

masticatory system. Speech mechanism, swallowing and deglutition mechanism, salivary glands and Saliva

Applied Pathology:

Inflammation and chemical mediators, Thrombosis, Embolism, Necrosis, Repair, Degeneration, Shock, Hemorrhage, Blood dyscrasias, Pathogenesis of Dental Caries, Periodontal diseases, tumors, oral mucosal lesions etc. in children

Applied Microbiology:

Microbiology & Immunology as related to Oral Diseases in Children: Basic concepts, immune system in human body, Auto Immune diseases and Immunology of Dental caries.

Applied Nutrition & Dietics:

- General principles, balanced diet, effect of dietary deficiencies and starvation, protein energy, malnutrition, Kwashiorkor, Marasmus.
- Fluid and Electrolytic balance in maintaininghaemostasis
- Diet, digestion, absorption, transportation andutilization

Genetics:

- Introduction togenetics
- Cell structure, DNA, RNA, protein synthesis, celldivision
- Modes ofinheritance
- Chromosomal anomalies of oral tissues & single genedisorders

Growth & Development:

Prenatal and Postnatal development of cranium, face, jaws, teeth and supporting structures. Chronology of dental development and development of occlusion. Dimensional changes in dental arches. Cephalometric evaluation of growth.

B) PediatricDentistry:

ChildPsychology:

Development & Classification of behavior, personality, intelligence in children, theories of child psychology, stages of psychological child development, fear, anxiety, apprehension & itsmanagement.

- Behavior Management: Non- pharmacological & Pharmacologicalmethods.
- Child Abuse & DentalNeglect:
- Conscious Sedation:
- Deep Sedation & General Anesthesia in Pediatric Dentistry: (Including Other Drugs, Synergic & Antagonistic Actions of Various Drugs Used inChildren

Preventive Pedodontics:

Concepts, chair side preventive measures for dental diseases, high-risk caries including rampant & extensive caries – Recognition, Features & Preventive Management, Pit and Fissures Sealants, Oral Hygiene measures, Correlation of brushing with dental caries and periodontal diseases. Diet & Nutrition as related to dental caries. Diet Counseling

Dental Plaque:

Definition, Initiation, Pathogenesis, Biochemistry, and Morphology & Metabolism.

Gingival & Periodontal diseases in Children:

- Normal Gingiva & Periodontium inchildren.
- Gingival & Periodontal diseases Etiology, Pathogenesis, Prevention & Management

Pediatric Operative Dentistry:

- Principle of Operative Dentistry along with modifications of materials/past, current & latest including tooth coloredmaterials.
- Modifications required for cavity preparation in primary and young permanentteeth.
- Various IsolationTechniques
- Restorations of decayed primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children using various restorative material like Glass Ionomer, Composites, Silver, Amalgam & latest material(gallium)
- Stainless steel, Polycarbonate & Resin Crowns / Veneers & fibre postsystems.

Pediatric Endodontics:

- Primary Dentition: Diagnosis of pulpal diseases and their management – Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Pulpectomy (Materials & Methods), Controversies & recent concepts.
- Young permanent teeth and permanent teeth, Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Apexogenesis, Apexification, Concepts, Techniques and Materials used for different procedures.
- Recent advances in Pediatric diagnosis and Endodontics. Prosthetic consideration in PediatricDentistry.

Traumatic Injuries in Children:

- Classifications & Importance.
- Sequelae & reaction of teeth totrauma.
- Management of Traumatized teeth with latestconcepts.
- Management of jaw fractures inchildren.

Interceptive Orthodontics:

- Concepts of occlusion and esthetics: Structure and function of all anatomic components of occlusion, mechanics of articulations, recording of masticatory function, diagnosis of Occlusal dysfunction, relationship of TMJ anatomy and pathology and related neuromuscularphysiology.
- A comprehensive review of the local and systemic factors in the causation of malocclusion.
- Recognition and management of normal and abnormal developmental occlusions in primary, mixed and permanent dentitions in children (OcclusalGuidance).
- Biology of tooth movement: A comprehensive review of the principles of teeth movement. Review of contemporary literature. Histopathology of bone and Periodontal ligament, Molecular and ultra cellular consideration in toothmovement.
- Myofunctional appliances: Basic principles, contemporary appliances: Design & Fabrication
- Removable appliances: Basic principles, contemporary appliances: Design & Fabrication
- Case selection & diagnosis in interceptive Orthodontics (Cephalometrics, Image processing, Tracing, Radiation hygiene, Video imaging & advance Cephalometric techniques).
- Space Management: Etiology, Diagnosis of space problems, analysis, Biomechanics, Planned extraction in

interceptiveorthodontics.

Oral Habits in Children:

- Definition, Etiology & Classification
- Clinical features of digit sucking, tongue thrusting, mouth breathing & various other secondaryhabits.
- Management of oral habits inchildren

Dental care of Children with special needs:

Definition, Etiology, Classification, Behavioral, Clinical features & Management of children with:

- Physically handicapped conditions
- Mentally compromising conditions
- Medically compromising conditions
- Genetic disorders

Oral manifestations of Systemic Conditions in Children & their Management Management of Minor Oral Surgical Procedures in Children

Dental Radiology as related to Pediatric Dentistry

Cariology:

- Historical background
- Definition, Aeitology&Pathogenesis
- Caries pattern in primary, young permanent and permanent teeth inchildren.
- Rampant caries, early childhood caries and extensive caries.
 Definition, aeitology, Pathogenesis, Clinical features,
 Complications & Management.
- Role of diet and nutrition in DentalCaries

- Dietary modifications & Dietcounseling.
- Subjective & objective methods of Caries detection with emphasis on Caries Activity tests, Caries prediction, Caries susceptibility & their clinical Applications

Pediatric Oral Medicine & Clinical Pathology: Recognition & Management of developmental dental anomalies, teething disorders, stomatological conditions, mucosal lesions, viral infections etc.

Congenital Abnormalities in Children: Definition, Classification, Clinical features & Management.

Dental Emergencies in Children and their Management. Dental Materials used in Pediatric Dentistry.

C) PreventiveDentistry:

- Definition
- Principles &Scope
- Types of prevention
- Different preventive measures used in Pediatric Dentistry including fissure sealants and cariesvaccine.

Dental Health Education & School Dental Health Programmes:

Dental health concepts, Effects of civilization and environment, Dental Health delivery system, Public Health measures related to children along with principles of Pediatric Preventive Dentistry

Fluorides:

- Historical background
- Systemic & Topicalfluorides
- Mechanism ofaction
- Toxicity & Management.
- Defluoridationtechniques.

Medico legal aspects in Pediatric Dentistry with emphasis

on informed concert. Counseling in Pediatric Dentistry

Case History Recording: Outline of principles of examination, diagnosis & treatment planning.

Epidemiology: Concepts, Methods of recording & evaluation of various oral diseases. Various national & global trends of epidemiology of oraldiseases.

Comprehensive Infant Oral Health Care.

Principles of Bio-Statistics& Research Methodology & Understanding of Computers and Photography

Comprehensive cleft care management with emphasis on counseling, feeding, nasoalveolar bone remodeling, speech rehabilitation.

Setting up of Pediatric Dentistry Clinic.

Emerging concepts in Pediatric Dentistry of scope of lasers / minimum invasive procedures in Pediatric Dentistry.