PART I MDS – SYLLABUS

1. BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

- Basic principles of biostatistics and study as applied to dentistry and research
- Collection/ organization of data/ measurement scales / presentation of data and analysis
- Measures of central tendency
- Measures of variability
- Sampling and planning of health survey
- Probability, normal distribution & indicative statistics
- Estimating population values
- Tests of significance(parametric/non-parametric qualitative methods)
- Analysis of variance
- Association, correlation and regression

2. APPLIED GROSS ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK, HISTOLOGY AND GENETICS :

- Temporo-mandibular joint
- Trigeminal nerve and facial nerve
- Muscles of mastication
- Tongue
- Salivary glands
- Nerve supply, blood supply, lymphatic drainage & venous drainage of orodental tissues
- Development of face, palate, mandible, maxilla, tongue and applied aspects of the same
- Development of teeth & dental tissues and developmental defects of oral and maxilla-facial region & abnormalities of teeth
- Maxillary sinus
- Jaw muscles and facial muscles
- Introduction to genetics

- Modes of inheritance
- Chromosomal anomalies of oral tissues & single gene disorders
- Didactic Lectures
- Postings in the Department of Anatomy for dissection of Head, Face and Neck

3. PHYSIOLOGY (GENERAL & ORAL)

- Saliva
- Pain
- Mastication
- Taste
- Deglutition
- Wound healing
- Vitamins (influence on growth, development and structure of oral soft and hard tissues ¶oral tissues)
- Calcium metabolism
- Theories of mineralization
- Tooth eruption and shedding
- Blood and its constituents
- Hormones (influence on growth, development and structure of oral soft and hard tissues ¶oral tissues)
- Didactic Lectures

4. CELL BIOLOGY

- Cell structure and function (ultra structural& molecular aspects)
- Intercellular junctions
- Cell cycle and division
- Cell cycle regulators
- Cell–cell & cell-extracellular matrix interactions
- Detailed molecular aspects of DNA,RNA and intracellular organelles, transcription and
- translation and molecular biology techniques

Approach:

• Seminars & Didactic Lectures

- 5. GENERAL HISTOLOGY
 - Light & electron microscopy considerations of epithelial tissues and glands, bone.
 - Light & electron microscopy considerations of hemopoetic system, lymphatic system, muscle, neural tissue, endocrinal system (thyroid, pituitary, parathyroid)

6. BIOCHEMISTRY

- Chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins
- Methods of identification and purification
- Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins
- Biological oxidation
- Various techniques-cell fractionation and ultra filtration, centrifugation,
- electrophoresis, spectrophotometry and radioactive techniques

7. GENERAL PATHOLOGY

- Inflammation and chemical mediator
- Thrombosis
- Embolism
- Necrosis
- Repair
- Degeneration
- Shock
- Hemorrhage
- Pathogenic mechanisms at molecular level
- Blood dyscrasias
- Carcinogenesis and neoplasia

8. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

- Definitions of various types of infections
- Routes of infection and spread
- Sterilization , disinfection and antiseptics
- Bacterial genetics
- Physiology, growth of microorganisms

9. BASIC IMMUNOLOGY

- Basic principles of immunity, antigen and antibody reaction
- Cell mediated and humoral immunity
- Immunology of hypersensitivity
- Immunological basis of auto immune phenomena
- Immunodeficiency with relevance to opportunistic infections
- Basic principles of transplantation and tumor immunity

10. SYSTEMIC MICROBIOLOGY / APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

- A. Morphology, classification, pathogenicity, mode of transmission, methods of prevention, collection and transport of specimen for laboratory diagnosis, staining methods, common culture media, interpretation of laboratory reports and antibiotic sensitivity tests.
 - Staphylococci
 - Streptococci
 - Corynebacterium diphtheria
 - Mycobacteria
 - Clostridia, bacteroids&fusobacteria
 - Actinomycetales
 - Spirochetes
- B. General structure, broad classification of viruses, pathogenesis, pathology of viral infections
 - Herpes virus
 - Hepatitis virus
 - HIV

- C. General properties of fungi
- D. Superficial, subcutaneous, deep opportunistic infections
- E. General principles of fungal infections, method of collection of samples, diagnosis and examination of fungi

11. ORAL BIOLOGY (ORAL AND DENTAL HISTOLOGY)

- Study of morphology of permanent and deciduous teeth
- Structure and function of oral, dental and paraoral tissues including their ultra structure, molecular and biochemical aspects

12. BASIC HISTO-TECHNIQUES AND MICROSCOPY

- Routine hematological tests and clinical significance of the same
- Biopsy procedures for oral lesions
- Tissue processing
- Microtome and principles of microtomy
- Various stains used in histopathology and their applications
- Microscope, principles and theories of microscopy
- Light microscopy and various other types including electron microscopy
- Fixation and fixatives
- Ground sections and decalcified sections
- Cytological smears

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PAPER II MDS – SYLLABUS

1. ORAL AND DENTAL PATHOLOGY

- Developmental disorders of oral and paraoral structures
- Potentially malignant disorders

- Benign and malignant tumors of the oral cavity
- Odontogenic cysts and tumors
- Pathology of salivary glands
- Regressive alterations of teeth
- Bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoal infections of the oral cavity
- Dental caries
- Diseases of pulp and periapical region
- Spread of oral infection
- Healing of oral wounds
- Physical and chemical injuries of oral cavity
- Oral aspects of metabolic diseases
- Diseases of bones and joints
- Diseases of skin and mucous membrane
- Diseases of periodontia
- Diseases of blood and blood forming organs
- Diseases of nerves and muscles
- Oro-facial pain
- Immunological diseases of oral cavity including tumor immunology
- Molecular pathology
- Oral Microbiology

2. BASIC HISTO-TECHNIQUES AND MICROSCOPY

- Enzyme histochemistry
- Principles, techniques and applications of immunofluorescence
- Principles, techniques and applications of immunohistochemistry
- Preparation of frozen sections
- Museum set up
- Quality control
- Animal models

3. RECENT MOLECULAR TECHNIQUES:

• Basic principles, techniques and applications of –

- PCR
- BLOTS
- Hybridization
- Recombinant DNA technology
- Micro array
- DNA sequencing
- Cell culture and cloning

PAPER III MDS – SYLLABUS

- 1. Forensic odontology
- 2. Giant cell lesions
- 3. Clear cell lesions
- 4. Round cell lesions
- 5. Spindle cell lesions
- 6. Pigmented lesions
- 7. Fibro-osseous lesions
- 8. Mechanism of formation and expansion of cysts of orofacial region
- 9. Mechanism of growth and metastasis of tumors
- 10.Lab diagnosis of bacterial infections
- 11.Lab diagnosis of viral infections
- 12.Lab diagnosis of fungal infections
- 13.Hamartomas
- 14.Phakomatoses
- 15. Vascular tumors of oro-facial region
- 16.Genodermatoses
- 17.Tumor markers
- 18. Histogenesis of salivary gland tumors
- 19. Tumor angiogenesis
- 20. Concept of premalignancy
- 21.Blue cell lesions
- 22. Molecular basics of oral squamous cell carcinoma
- 23. Matrix remodelling in pathological condition
- 24. Etiopathogenesis of developmental defects of teeth

25. Viral oncogenesis

- 26.Lesions associated with impacted and missing teeth
- 27.Syndromes affecting oro-facial region
- 28.Hereditary oral defects
- 29. Techniques to assess the prognosis of neoplastic lesions
- 30. Vesiculo-bullous lesions
- 31.Lymphoreticular malignancy
- 32. Haemopoietic malignancy
- 33. Micronutrients
- 34. Oral aspects of metabolic disorders
- 35. Hormones and oro-maxillofacial lesions
- 36.Matrix metalloproteinases
- 37.Current concepts in HIV related oral diseases
- 38.Current concepts in OSMF
- 39.Epithelial –connective tissue interaction
- 40.Stem cell research